BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required supplementary and additional information)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

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Lamonte T. Lator Bruce J. Dunn Jeffrey C. Stevens Linda I. Schirmer Steven W. Scott David M. Raeck Robert E. Miller, Jr. Steven B. Robbins James E. Nyquist James R. Dedyne Timothy H. Adams David B. Caldwell Edward L. Williams, III Timothy J. Orians Dennis D. Theis

Walter P. Maner, Jr. (1921-2004) Floyd L. Costerisan Leon A. Ellis (1933-1988)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Benton Harbor Charter School Academy Benton Harbor, Michigan October 12, 2007

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy (the Academy), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy as of June 30, 2007 and the respective changes in financial position, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Board of Directors Benton Harbor Charter School Academy Benton Harbor, Michigan

October 12, 2007

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 12, 2007, on our consideration of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages vi through xii and 22, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's basic financial statements. The additional information on pages 24 through 28 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This additional information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Maner, Costerisan + Ellis, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's (Academy) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Academy's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2007. Please read it in conjunction with the Academy's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The Academy had an excess of revenues over expenditures in the general fund of \$302,495 compared to a budgeted figure of \$177,149. This gives the Academy a fund balance in the general fund of \$546,537.
- The Academy retired \$80,000 in long-term debt during the year.
- The Academy invested \$83,600 in capital assets during the year. This purchase was funded by a three year bank note in the same amount.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Academy:

- The first two statements are academywide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the Academy's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Academy, reporting the Academy's operations in more detail than the academy-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The

Required Management's Basic Discussion and Financial Supplementary Analysis Statements Information Academy-wide Fund Notes to Financial. Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements Detail Summary

Table A-1
Organization of Benton Harbor

Charter School Academy

statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the Academy's budget for the year. Table A-1 shows how the various parts of the annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Table A-2 summarizes the major features of the Academy's financial statements, including the portion of the Academy's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

		Fund financial statements					
	Academy-wide statements		Governmental funds	Fiduciary funds			
Scope	Entire Academy (except fiduciary funds)		The activities of the Academy that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance.	Instances in which the Academy administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies			
Required financial statements	* Statement of net assets * Statement of activities	*	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	* Statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities			
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus			
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term		Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term, the Academy's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can			
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

Academy-wide statements

The academy-wide statements report information about the Academy as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the Academy's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two academy-wide statements report the Academy's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the Academy's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the Academy's financial health or position.

- > Over time, increases or decreases in the Academy's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- > To assess the overall health of the Academy, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the Academy's enrollment, the condition of school buildings and other facilities, and the Academy's ability to be competitive with other public school academies and area school districts.

Governmental activities - The Academy's basic services are included in the general fund, such as regular education and special education, transportation and administration. State foundation aid finances most of these activities.

Fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Academy's funds, focusing on its more significant or "major" funds - not the Academy as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Academy uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law and by debt agreements.
- The Academy establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like food services).

All of the Academy's basic services are included in governmental funds which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Academy's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the academy-wide statements, we provide additional information with the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Financial analysis of the Academy as a whole

Net assets - the Academy's combined net assets (deficit) of \$(213,668) decreased by \$232,903 during the year, See Figures A-3 and A-4. The most significant factor was sound expenditure management.

The total general and program revenues decreased by 1% to \$4,077,925. State aid foundation allowance included in revenue from state sources accounts for 72% of the Academy's general and program revenues in 2007.

The total cost of instruction decreased by 1% to \$1,492,324. Total support service decreased by 16% to \$1,438,515. This decrease resulted primarily from savings in transportation costs.

Figure A-3 Benton Harbor Charter School Academy					
	2007	2006			
Current assets Restricted investments Capital assets, net	\$ 860,792 838,288 5,004,510	\$ 1,584,246 752,202 5,099,683			
Total assets	6,703,590	7,436,131			
Current liabilities Long-term debt outstanding	504,802 6,412,456	1,442,702 6,440,000			
Total liabilities	6,917,258	7,882,702			
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	(1,519,090) 825,916 479,506	(1,420,317) 801,930 171,816			
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ (213,668)	\$ (446,571)			

Figure A-4						
Changes in Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's Net Assets						
	2007	2006				
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Federal and state categorical grants	\$ 965,266	\$ 941,037				
Charges for services	33,140	34,657				
General revenues:						
State aid - unrestricted	2,940,066	3,015,641				
Investment income	55,527	41,095				
Other	83,926	83,300				
Total general revenues	3,079,519	3,140,036				
Total revenues	4,077,925	4,115,730				
Expenses:						
Instruction	1,492,324	1,504,714				
Support services	1,438,515	1,714,467				
Food services	221,363	236,768				
Athletics		12,848				
Interest and fees	514,047	531,508				
Unallocated depreciation	178,773	146,931				
Total expenses	3,845,022	4,147,236				
Change in net assets	\$ 232,903	\$ (31,506)				

Financial analysis of the Academy's funds

The financial operation of the Academy is considered stable. The fund balance at June 30, 2007 is \$546,537 in the general fund. There was a 2% increase in general fund revenue. There was a 1% decrease in expenditures for instructional programs and a decrease of 13% in expenditures for support services.

General fund budgetary highlights

Final budget vs. Actual

Fiscal year	Final budget Final act		
Revenues 2006 - 2007	\$ 3,851,160	\$ 3,816,070	
Expenditures 2006 - 2007	\$ 3,159,611	\$ 3,014,439	

Original vs. Final budget

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the local Board of Education approve the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to July 1, the start of the fiscal year.

As a matter of practice, Benton Harbor Charter School Academy amends its budget periodically as needed during the school year. For fiscal year 2006-2007, the budget was amended prior to June 30, 2007.

Revenues

Total revenues original budget	\$ 3,977,087
Total revenues final budget	3,851,160
Decrease in budgeted revenues	\$ (125,927)

The Academy's final general fund revenues were less than the final budget by \$35,090. This variance was primarily a result of unspent grant funds at the end of the year.

Expenditures

The Academy's budget for expenditures changed as follows during the year.

Total expenditures original budget Total expenditures final budget	\$ 3,232,027 3,159,611
Decrease in budgeted expenditures	\$ (72,416)

The Academy's actual expenditures were less than final budget by \$145,172. This difference was primarily due to a decrease in unspent grant funds and lower transportation costs.

Capital asset and debt administration

Capital assets

By the end of the year ended June 30, 2007, the Academy had invested \$5,004,510 in capital assets consisting primarily of land, buildings and improvements, equipment and furniture net of accumulated depreciation. This amount represents a net decrease in capital assets of \$95,173 from the beginning of the year. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$178,773.

The Academy's capital assets are as follows:

Ranto	n Ца	I Interpretation	Figure Schoo		Cani	tal Assats		
Dento	11 112	irboi Chartei	SCHOO	2007	Сарп	iai Asseis	2006	
Accumulated Net book Cost depreciation value							Net book value	
Building and improvements	\$	3,593,940	\$	439,258	\$	3,154,682	\$ 3,227,766	
Furniture and equipment		170,866		43,873		126,993	147,452	
Vehicles		83,600		23,222		60,378		
Technology		303,942		141,485		162,457	224,465	
Land		1,500,000				1,500,000	1,500,000	
Total	\$	5,652,348	\$	647,838	\$	5,004,510	\$ 5,099,683	

Debt administration

The Academy financed its facilities acquisition by issuing Certificates of Participation. A summary of long-term debt service activities is as follows:

	2007	2006
Governmental activities:		
Certificates of participation	\$ 6,440,000	\$ 6,520,000
Bank note	83,600	
Total	\$ 6,523,600	\$ 6,520,000

The Academy repaid \$80,000 of certificates of participation in 2007. No payments were made on the bank note during 2007. See Note 6 of the financial statements.

Economic Factors bearing on the Academy's future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the Academy was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

- Changes to the foundation allowance for the next year have yet to be determined. Due to State budget issues and possible future cuts, the Academy has budgeted a reduction in foundation allowance of \$60 to \$7,025 per pupil.
- The Academy has adopted a general fund budget with an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$19,443.
- The Academy Board of Directors has authorized up to \$8,500,000 in Limited Obligation Revenue Refunding Bonds. These bonds will be used to refinance the Series 2002 Certificates of Participation. As of the report date, the bonds had not been issued.

Contacting the Academy's financial management

This financial report is designed to provide our students, parents and creditors with a general overview of the Academy's finances and to demonstrate the Academy's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Academy's Management Company, Choice Schools Associates, LLC, at P.O. Box 141493, Grand Rapids, Michigan, 49514. Phone (616) 785-8440.

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

		Governmental activities		
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	116,178		
Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units Prepaid expenses		4,116 719,264 21,234		
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		860,792		
NONCURRENT ASSETS: Restricted investments		838,288		
Capital assets Less accumulated depreciation		5,652,348 (647,838)		
Net capital assets		5,004,510		
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		5,842,798		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,703,590		
LIABILITIES AND NET DEFICIT				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$	45,207		
Accrued interest Accrued salaries and related items		84,517 240,425		
Other accrued expenses		16,009		
Deferred revenue		7,500		
Current portion of long-term obligations		111,144		
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		504,802		
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations		6,412,456		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,917,258		
NET DEFICIT:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Unrestricted		(1,519,090) 825,916 479,506		
TOTAL NET DEFICIT		(213,668)		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET DEFICIT	\$	6,703,590		

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

						vernmental activities et (expense)
			Program revenues Charges for Operating services grants		re	evenue and
Functions/programs	Expenses				changes in net assets	
Governmental activities:						
Instruction	\$1,492,324	\$		\$ 616,890	\$	(875,434)
Support services	1,438,515		33,140	127,411		(1,277,964)
Food services	221,363			220,965		(398)
Interest and fees	514,047					(514,047)
Unallocated depreciation	178,773					(178,773)
Total governmental activities	\$3,845,022	\$	33,140	\$ 965,266		(2,846,616)
General revenues:						
Investment earnings						55,527
State sources						2,940,066
Local sources						47,880
ISD sources						36,046
Total general revenues						3,079,519
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS						232,903
NET DEFICIT, beginning of year						(446,571)
NET DEFICIT, end of year					\$	(213,668)

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

ASSETS	 General fund	De	bt service fund	gove	onmajor ernmental funds	gov	Total vernmental funds
ASSE1S							
ASSETS:							
Cash	\$ 112,703	\$		\$	3,475	\$	116,178
Investments			788,433		49,855		838,288
Receivables:							
Accounts receivable	4,116						4,116
Due from other governmental units	692,478				26,786		719,264
Due from other funds	21,481						21,481
Prepaid expenditures	 21,234		_				21,234
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 852,012	\$	788,433	\$	80,116	\$	1,720,561
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$ 41,541	\$		\$	3,666	\$	45,207
Accrued salaries and related items	240,425						240,425
Other accrued expenses	16,009						16,009
Deferred revenue	7,500						7,500
Due to other funds	 				21,481		21,481
TOTAL LIABILITIES	305,475				25,147		330,622

	(General fund	De	bt service fund		Nonmajor vernmental funds	gov	Total vernmental funds
FUND BALANCES:								_
Reserved for debt service	\$	122,000	\$	788,433	\$		\$	910,433
Reserved for prepaid expenditures		21,234						21,234
Reserved for capital projects		402.202				49,855		49,855
Unreserved, undesignated		403,303				5,114		408,417
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		546,537		788,433		54,969		1,389,939
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	852,012	\$	788,433	\$	80,116	\$	1,720,561
Total governmental fund balances							\$	1,389,939
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are	:							
different because:								
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and								
are not reported in the funds					\$	E 650 240		
The cost of the capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is					Э	5,652,348		
Accumulated depreciation is						(647,838)		5,004,510
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not								-,,-
reported in the funds:								
Certificates of participation								(6,440,000)
Note payable								(83,600)
Accrued interest is not included as a liability in government funds, it is rec	ordeo	l when paid						(84,517)
Net deficit of governmental activities							\$	(213,668)

See notes to financial statements.

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

General fund	Debt service fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	Total governmental funds
. ,			\$ 73,352
	36,563	4,327	55,527
7,668			7,668
95,657	36,563	4,327	136,547
3,366,369		4,230	3,370,599
336,021		216,735	552,756
18,023			18,023
3,816,070	36,563	225,292	4,077,925
906,351			906,351
585,973			585,973
1,492,324			1,492,324
55,142			55,142
78,060			78,060
461,782			461,782
239,163			239,163
	\$ 73,352 14,637 7,668 95,657 3,366,369 336,021 18,023 3,816,070 906,351 585,973 1,492,324 55,142 78,060 461,782	\$ 73,352 \$ 14,637 36,563 7,668 95,657 36,563 336,021 18,023 3,816,070 36,563 906,351 585,973 1,492,324 55,142 78,060 461,782	General fund Debt service fund governmental funds \$ 73,352 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 14,637 36,563 4,327 7,668 95,657 36,563 4,327 3,366,369 4,230 216,735 18,023 216,735 18,023 216,735 18,023 3,816,070 36,563 225,292 55,142 78,060 461,782 78,060 461,782 78,060 461,782 78,060 461,782 78,060 461,782 78,060 461,782 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060 78,060

	 General fund	De	bt service fund	gove	nmajor rnmental 'unds	gov	Total vernmental funds
EXPENDITURES (Concluded): Support services (Concluded): Business Operation and maintenance Pupil transportation services Central support services	\$ 31,729 323,359 319,658 13,222	\$		\$		\$	31,729 323,359 319,658 13,222
Total support services	 1,522,115						1,522,115
Food service Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges			80,000 515,380		221,363		221,363 80,000 515,380
Total expenditures	 3,014,439		595,380	-	221,363		3,831,182
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 801,631		(558,817)		3,929	·	246,743
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Loan proceeds Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	 83,600 (582,736)		582,736 (8,266)		8,266		83,600 591,002 (591,002)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (499,136)		574,470	-	8,266		83,600
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	302,495		15,653		12,195		330,343
FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year	 244,042		772,780		42,774		1,059,596
End of year	\$ 546,537	\$	788,433	\$	54,969	\$	1,389,939

See notes to financial statements.

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds	\$ 330,343
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities	
these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation.	
Depreciation expense	(178,773)
Capital outlay	83,600
Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the statement of activities	
when incurred; it is not recorded in governmental funds until it is paid.	
Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year	85,850
Accrued interest payable, end of the year	(84,517)
Repayments of principal on long-term debts are expenditures in the governmental funds,	
but not in the statement of activities (where they are reductions of liabilities).	
Proceeds from loan	(83,600)
Principal repayment - certificates of participation	80,000

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 232,903

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES JUNE 30, 2007

ASSET		gency
Cash	\$	2,493
LIABILI	ΓIES	
Due to student groups	\$	2,493

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Benton Harbor Charter School Academy have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Academy's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Benton Harbor Charter School Academy (the "Academy") is a public school academy as part of the Michigan Public School System under Public Act No. 362 of 1993. Ferris State University is the authorizing governing body for the Academy and has contracted with the Academy to charter the public school academy through June 2009. The Academy's board of directors is approved by the authorizing body and is authorized to manage the Academy and the property and affairs of the Academy. The Academy receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Academy is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Academy's reporting entity does not contain any component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 14 and 39.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Academy. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The government-wide financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. All of the Academy's activities are classified as governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges paid by recipients who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. State Foundation Aid, certain revenue from the intermediate school district and other unrestricted items are not included as program revenues but instead as *general revenues*.

In the government-wide statement of net assets, the governmental activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis, and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Academy's net assets are reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (Continued)

The Academy first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Academy's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (State Foundation Aid, certain intergovernmental revenues, investment income and other revenue). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses by related program revenues and operating grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (State Foundation Aid, intermediate district sources, interest income and other revenues).

The Academy does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Academy as an entity and the change in the Academy's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are those funds through which most Academy functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Academy's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds.

The Academy reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the Academy's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Academy, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *debt service fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on certificates of participation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (Concluded)

Other non-major funds

The *special revenue fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The Academy accounts for its food service activity in a special revenue fund.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for the receipt of debt proceeds and the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects.

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the Academy in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the Academy under the terms of a formal trust agreement. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

The *agency fund* is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. This fund is used to account for the assets that the Academy holds for others in an agency capacity (primarily student activities).

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and basis of presentation

Accrual method

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and basis of presentation (Concluded)

Modified accrual method

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Academy considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

State and federal aid and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Academy.

State revenue

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a statewide formula. The Foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to the Academy based on information supplied by the Academy. For the year ended June 30, 2007, the foundation allowance was based on pupil membership counts taken in February and September of 2006.

The state portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The State revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October 2006 to August 2007. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30th is reported as due from other governmental units.

The Academy also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Categorical funds received, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as deferred revenue.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Other accounting policies

1. Cash and equivalents include amounts in demand deposit accounts

The Academy reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools and No. 40, Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures. Under these standards, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices, or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standards also provide that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the Academy intend to hold the investment until maturity.

State statutes authorize the Academy to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The Academy is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

3. Prepaid expenditures

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenditures.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Other accounting policies (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Building50 yearsFurniture and equipment5-20 yearsVehicles3 yearsTechnology5 years

The Academy's capitalization policy is to capitalize individual amounts exceeding \$5,000.

5. Long-term Obligation

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

6. Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Concluded)

7. Fund balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. Amounts reserved for debt service in the general fund consist of a portion of the amount due from other governmental units legally restricted for debt service. These funds are transferred to the debt service fund upon receipt.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Significant encumbrances outstanding at year end, if any, are reported as reservations of fund balance because they will be reappropriated in the subsequent fiscal year.

The Academy follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Chief Administrative Officer submits to the board of directors a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth and presented as required supplementary information.
- 2. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (1968 PA 2). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated. Violations, if any, in the general fund are noted in the required supplementary information section.
- 3. The Chief Administrative Officer is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the board.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Concluded)

- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general and special revenue funds.
- 5. The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations, the last one approved prior to June 30, 2007. The Academy does not consider these amendments to be significant.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND RESTRICTED INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2007, the Academy had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair value	Weighted average maturity (years)	Standard & Poor's Rating	%
First American Funds Treasury Obligations Fund - class D	\$ 838,288	0.0027	AAAm	100.00%
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.0027		

One day maturity equals 0.0027, one year equals 1.00

The Academy invests certain excess funds in external pooled investment funds which included treasury obligations. The treasury obligation reports as of June 30, 2007, the fair value of the Academy's investments is the same as the value of the pool shares.

These investments are restricted under the terms of the certificates of participation debt agreements primarily for debt service and maintenance and repair of the related facilities.

Interest rate risk. The Academy will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Academy's cash requirements.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND RESTRICTED INVESTMENTS (Concluded)

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2007, the Academy did not have investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds.

Concentration of credit risk. The Academy will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Academy's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2007, \$63,919 of the Academy's bank balance of \$174,576 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The above amounts include interest bearing deposits. Fiduciary fund balances are not included in the above balances. As of June 30, 2007, none of the fiduciary fund's bank balance of \$2,493 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Custodial credit risk - investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Academy will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Academy will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the Academy will do business.

Foreign currency risk. The Academy is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the Academy's capital assets follows:

	Balance July 1, 2006	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30 ,2007
Governmental activities:	July 1, 2000	Additions	Defetions	June 30 ,2007
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,500,000	\$	\$	\$ 1,500,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building	3,593,940			3,593,940
Furniture and equipment	195,356		24,490	170,866
Vehicles		83,600		83,600
Technology	306,381		2,439	303,942
Depreciable capital assets	4,095,677	83,600	26,929	4,152,348
Accumulated depreciation:				
Building	366,174	73,084		439,258
Furniture and equipment	47,904	20,459	24,490	43,873
Vehicles		23,222		23,222
Technology	81,916	62,008	2,439	141,485
Total accumulated depreciation	495,994	178,773	26,929	647,838
Net depreciable capital assets	3,599,683	(95,173)		3,504,510
Net governmental capital assets	\$ 5,099,683	\$ (95,173)		\$ 5,004,510

Depreciation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 amounted to \$178,773. The Academy determined that it was impractical to allocate depreciation to the various governmental activities as the assets serve multiple functions.

NOTE 5 - NOTE PAYABLE

At June 30, 2007, the Academy had no amounts outstanding from state aid anticipation notes. Notes 1 and 2 matured July 20, 2006 and June 22, 2007, respectively. The notes are secured by future state school aid payments.

	Balance e 30, 2006	Additi	ons Payments	Balance June 30, 2007
Note 1 - 6.26% Note 2 - 5.25%	\$ 102,907 870,000	\$	\$ 102,907 870,000	\$
	\$ 972,907	\$	\$ 972,907	\$

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Academy for the year ended June 30, 2007:

	Certificates of participation	Bank note	Total	
Balance, July 1, 2006	\$ 6,520,000	\$	\$ 6,520,000	
Addition		83,600	83,600	
Repayments	80,000		80,000	
Balance, June 30, 2007	6,440,000	83,600	6,523,600	
Less current portion	85,000	26,144	111,144	
Total due after one year	\$ 6,355,000	\$ 57,456	\$ 6,412,456	

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Concluded)

Long-term debt currently outstanding is as follows:

2002 Series A term certificates due in annual installments of \$100,000 to \$1,080,000 through May 1, 2032 with interest ranging from 7% to 8%.	\$ 6,210,000
2002 Series B term certificates due in annual installments of \$85,000 to \$145,000 through May 1, 2009 with interest at 10%.	230,000
Bank note due in monthly installments of \$2,510 through May 2010, including interest at 5.25%. The loan is secured by the related vehicles.	83,600
Total general long-term debt	\$ 6,523,600

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debts outstanding as of June 30, 2007, including interest of \$8,814,715 are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2008	\$ 111,144	\$ 511,076	\$ 622,220
2009	172,765	500,955	673,720
2010	129,691	484,949	614,640
2011	105,000	477,100	582,100
2012	115,000	469,750	584,750
2013-2017	700,000	2,217,500	2,917,500
2018-2022	1,000,000	1,920,125	2,920,125
2023-2027	1,465,000	1,459,600	2,924,600
2028-2032	2,725,000	773,600	3,498,600
	\$ 6,523,600	\$ 8,814,655	\$ 15,338,255

An amount of \$788,433 is available in the debt service funds to service the certificates. The certificates may be paid off early beginning on May 1, 2012 at the discretion of the Academy at stated amounts based on the terms of the agreement.

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

Receivable fund			Paya	Payable					
General fund	\$	21,481	Food service fund	_	\$	21,481			

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfunds goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTE 8 - TRANSFERS

Operating transfers between the governmental funds were as follows:

Operting tran	sfers out		Operating tran	Operating transfers in			
General fund Debt service fund	\$ 582,7 8,2	736 266	Debt service fund Capital projects fund		582,736 8,266		
	\$ 591,0	002		\$	591,002		

The operating transfers to the debt service fund from the general fund were to pay the debt service principal and interest payments. Transfers to the capital projects fund were to comply with the maintenance and replacement requirements of the certificates of participation debt agreement.

NOTE 9 - OVERSIGHT FEES

The Academy pays an administrative oversight fee of 3% of its state school aid discretionary and proposal A obligation payments to Ferris State University, as set forth by contract, to reimburse the University Board for the cost of execution of its oversight responsibilities. These oversight responsibilities include the monitoring of the Academy's compliance with the terms and conditions of the contract, and the review of its audited financial statements and periodic reports. During the year ended June 30, 2007, the Academy incurred expense of approximately \$88,000 for oversight fees.

NOTE 10 - MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

The Academy had entered into a five year (through June 2009) management agreement with Choice Schools Associates LLC (Choice Schools) for operations of the Academy. Under the terms of the management agreement, Choice Schools' compensation for operating the Academy is a fixed fee of \$325,000 per year.

NOTE 11 - PURCHASED SERVICES

The Academy leases all employee services from Choice Schools. Salaries, retirement, social security, health insurance, and unemployment taxes are the responsibility of Choice Schools. The amount payable to Choice Schools at June 30, 2007 was approximately \$2,500.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees' and natural disasters. To minimize the risk, the Academy carries commercial insurance.

NOTE 13 - OPERATING LEASES

In September of 2003, the Academy entered into a lease for copiers. Total payments were approximately \$32,000 for the year ending June 30, 2007. Minimum rental commitments at June 30, 2007 for all non-cancelable operating leases are as follows:

	\$ 37,800
2009	5,400
2008	\$ 32,400
Year ending	

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On September 18, 2007, the Academy's Board of Directors approved a resolution to issue up to \$8,500,000 of bonded debt through the Michigan Public Education Facilities Authority for the purpose of refinancing the \$6,440,000 of outstanding Certificates of Participation (Series 2002A and 2002B). It is anticipated the bonds will be issued in October 2007. As of the report date, the bonds had not been issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)	
REVENUES:					
Local	\$ 30,000	\$ 83,000	\$ 95,657	\$ 12,657	
State sources	3,507,072	3,359,072	3,366,369	7,297	
Federal sources	440,015	391,065	336,021	(55,044)	
Incoming transfers		18,023	18,023		
Total revenues	3,977,087	3,851,160	3,816,070	(35,090)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction:					
Basic programs	834,714	889,230	906,351	(17,121)	
Added needs	729,283	624,869	585,973	38,896	
Total instruction	1,563,997	1,514,099	1,492,324	21,775	
Support services:					
Pupil	66,637	60,730	55,142	5,588	
Instructional staff	124,721	132,880	78,060	54,820	
General administration	474,212	462,448	461,782	666	
School administration	255,599	258,285	239,163	19,122	
Business	35,000	33,250	31,729	1,521	
Operation and maintenance	365,361	354,500	323,359	31,141	
Pupil transportation services	309,000	327,804	319,658	8,146	
Central services	27,500	13,000	13,222	(222)	
Total support services	1,658,030	1,642,897	1,522,115	120,782	

	Priginal budget	Final budget		Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)	
EXPENDITURES (Concluded):						
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	\$	\$	2,150	\$	\$	2,150
Interest and fiscal charges			365			365
Community services	10,000		100			100
Total expenditures	3,232,027		3,159,611	3,014,439		145,172
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	745,060		691,549	801,631		110,082
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			02.600	02.600		
Loan proceeds	(505,000)		83,600	83,600		15.064
Operating transfers out	 (595,000)		(598,000)	 (582,736)		15,264
Total other financing sources (uses)	(595,000)		(514,400)	(499,136)		15,264
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 150,060	\$	177,149	302,495	\$	125,346
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				244,042		
End of year				\$ 546,537		

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2007

ASSETS	Special revenue fund		Capital projects fund		Total nmajor rnmental funds
ASSETS:					
Cash	\$	3,475	\$ 40.077	\$	3,475
Investments		26.506	49,855		49,855
Due from other governmental units		26,786	 		26,786
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	30,261	\$ 49,855	\$	80,116
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$	3,666	\$	\$	3,666
Due to other funds		21,481			21,481
TOTAL LIABILITIES		25,147			25,147
FUND BALANCES:					
Reserved for capital projects			49,855		49,855
Undesignated		5,114			5,114
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		5,114	49,855		54,969
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
FUND BALANCES	\$	30,261	\$ 49,855	\$	80,116

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Special revenue fund	Capital projects fund	Total nonmajor governmental funds
REVENUES:			
State sources	\$ 4,230	\$	\$ 4,230
Federal aid	216,735		216,735
Investment income	2,331	1,996	4,327
Total revenues	223,296	1,996	225,292
EXPENDITURES:			
Salaries	52,576		52,576
Benefits	22,719		22,719
Food	146,068		146,068
Total expenditures	221,363		221,363
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,933	1,996	3,929
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Operating transfer in		8,266	8,266
Total other financing sources (uses)		8,266	8,266
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,933	10,262	12,195
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	3,181	39,593	42,774
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 5,114	\$ 49,855	\$ 54,969

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY FULL TERM CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION - SERIES 2002A YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

\$6,210,000 Certificates issued May 1, 2002.

	Intere	est due	Debt service requirement for fiscal year					
Principal due May 1	November 1	May 1	June 30,	Amount				
\$	\$ 242,050	\$ 242,050	2008	\$ 484,100				
	242,050	242,050	2009	484,100				
100,000	242,050	242,050	2010	584,100				
105,000	238,550	238,550	2011	582,100				
115,000	234,875	234,875	2012	584,750				
120,000	230,850	230,850	2013	581,700				
130,000	226,650	226,650	2014	583,300				
140,000	222,100	222,100	2015	584,200				
150,000	217,200	217,200	2016	584,400				
160,000	211,950	211,950	2017	583,900				
170,000	206,350	206,350	2018	582,700				
185,000	199,763	199,762	2019	584,525				
200,000	192,594	192,594	2020	585,188				
215,000	184,844	184,844	2021	584,688				
230,000	176,512	176,512	2022	583,024				
250,000	167,600	167,600	2023	585,200				
270,000	157,600	157,600	2024	585,200				
290,000	146,800	146,800	2025	583,600				
315,000	135,200	135,200	2026	585,400				
340,000	122,600	122,600	2027	585,200				
365,000	109,000	109,000	2028	583,000				
395,000	94,400	94,400	2029	583,800				
425,000	78,600	78,600	2030	582,200				
460,000	61,600	61,600	2031	583,200				
1,080,000	43,200	43,200	2032	1,166,400				
\$ 6,210,000	\$ 4,384,988	\$ 4,384,987		\$ 14,979,975				

The above certificates bear interest rates at 7% to 8%. The certificate proceeds were used for the acquisition of real property and improvements thereto.

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY FULL TERM CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION - SERIES 2002B YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

\$500,000 Certificates issued May 1, 2002.

			Intere	est due			•	e requirement cal year				
Pri	ncipal due May 1	No	vember 1	-	May 1	June 30,		Amount				
\$	85,000 145,000	\$	11,500 7,250	\$	11,500 7,250	2008 2009	\$	108,000 159,500				
\$	230,000	\$	18,750	\$	18,750		\$	267,500				

The above certificates bear interest rates at 10.0%. The certificate proceeds were used for the acquisition of real property and improvements thereto.

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY BANK NOTE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

\$83,600 bank note issued May 15, 2007.

Debt service requirement for fiscal year

P	rincipal	Interest		June 30,	Amount					
\$	26,144 27,765 29,691	\$	3,976 2,355 849	2008 2009 2010	\$	30,120 30,120 30,540				
\$	83,600	\$	7,180		\$	90,780				

The above note payable bears interest rate at 5.25%. The note payable was used for the acquisition of school buses.

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY

ADDITIONAL REPORTS REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

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Lamonte T. Lator Bruce J. Dunn Jeffrey C. Stevens Linda I. Schirmer Steven W. Scott David M. Raeck Robert E. Miller, Jr. Steven B. Robbins James E. Nyquist James R. Dedyne Timothy H.Adams David B. Caldwell Edward L. Williams, III Timothy J. Orians Dennis D. Theis

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Benton Harbor Charter School Academy Benton Harbor, Michigan

October 12, 2007

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 12, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Academy's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Academy's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Academy's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Academy's internal control.

To the Board of Directors Benton Harbor Charter School Academy Benton Harbor, Michigan

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Academy's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy in a separate letter dated October 12, 2007.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management and the U.S. Department of Education, Michigan Department of Education and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Maner, Costerisan + Ellis, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants



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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Directors Benton Harbor Charter School Academy Benton Harbor, Michigan October 12, 2007

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007. Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's compliance with those requirements.

To the Board of Directors Benton Harbor Charter School Academy Benton Harbor, Michigan

In our opinion, Benton Harbor Charter School Academy complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of is major federal programs for the year June 30, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over compliance.

A *control deficiency* in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Academy's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Academy's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the Academy's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

To the Board of Directors Benton Harbor Charter School Academy Benton Harbor, Michigan

October 12, 2007

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007 and have issued our report thereon dated October 12, 2007. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming our opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Maner, Costerisan + Ellis, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Federal grantor/pass-through grantor program title	Federal CFDA number	Pass- through grantor's number	rough (deferred antor's Award revenue		(deferred)		(deferred) revenue		revenue		(deferred) revenue		rior year penditures morandum only)	Current year receipts (cash basis)	Current year expenditures	Accrue (deferre revenu 6/30/20	ed) ie
U.S. Department of Agriculture:																	
Passed through Michigan Department of Education:																	
Child nutrition cluster:	10.555	064050		44.606		2.250		42.020		4 600							
National School Lunch Program - Section 4	10.555	061950	\$	14,626	\$	3,358	\$	12,938	\$ 5,046	\$ 1,688	\$	004					
National School Lunch Program - Section 4		071950		13,198		20.502		110 107	11,314	13,198	1,	,884					
National School Lunch Program - Section 11		061960		124,792		28,593		110,407	42,978	14,385	15	200					
National School Lunch Program - Section 11		071960		110,800		21.051			95,401	110,800	15,399						
				263,416		31,951		123,345	154,739	140,071	17,	283					
National School Lunch Program - Breakfast	10.553	061970		76,814		17,426		67,756	26,484	9,058							
National School Lunch Program - Breakfast	10.555	071970		67,606		17,420		07,730	58,103	67,606	0 :	503					
National School Editor Flogram - Dicartast		0/19/0		144,420		17,426		67,756	84,587	76,664		503					
				144,420		17,420		07,730	04,367	70,004		303					
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				407,836		49,377		191,101	239,326	216,735	26,	786					
U.S. Department of Education:																	
Passed through Michigan Department of Education:																	
Title I	84.010	0615300506		365,130		45,729		365,130	45,729								
		0515500506		30,000		3,973		3,973	30,000	26,027							
		0715300607		301,377					201,296	263,363	62,	067					
				696,507		49,702		369,103	277,025	289,390	62,0	067					
Service Provider Self Review	84.027A	0704400607		4,000						4,000	4,0	,000					
Title V LEA Allocation	84.298	0602500506		6,092		6,092		6,092	6,092								

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Federal grantor/pass-through grantor program title	Federal CFDA number	Pass- through grantor's number		Award amount	(0	Accrued deferred) revenue /30/2006	ex	rior year penditures emorandum only)	yea	Current r receipts sh basis)		Current year penditures	Accr (defer reve	rred) nue
U.S. Department of Education (Concluded): Passed through Michigan Department of Education (Concluded): Title II, Part D - Technology literacy challenge grants	84.318	0642900506	\$	6,812	\$	6,812	\$	6,812	\$	6,812	\$		\$	
	01.510	0012900300	Ψ	0,012	Ψ	0,012	Ψ	0,012	Ψ	0,012	Ψ		Ψ	
Title II, Part A - Improving teacher quality	84.367	0605200506 0705200607		58,935 47,559		28,619		58,935		28,619 7,000		23,418	1	6,418
				106,494		28,619		58,935		35,619		23,418	1	6,418
Total passed through Michigan Department of Education				819,905		91,225		440,942		325,548		316,808	8	2,485
Passed through Berrien County Intermediate School District: Math and science partnerships	84.366			1,190						1,190		1,190		
Total U.S. Department of Education				821,095		91,225		440,942		326,738		317,998	8	2,485
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Passed through Berrien County Intermediate School District: Medicaid Outreach	93.778			18,023						18,023		18,023		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	1,246,954	\$	140,602	\$	632,043	\$	584,087	\$	552,756	\$ 10	9,271

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

- 1. Basis of presentation The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the grant activity of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and reconciles with the amounts presented in the preparation of the financial statements.
- 2. CFDA #10.555 and 10.553 was audited as the major program, representing 39% of expenditures. The Academy qualifies for low risk auditee status.
- 3. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- 4. Management has utilized the Grant Section Auditors' Report (Form R7120) and Grant Audit Report in preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.
- 5. Federal expenditures are reported as revenue in the following funds in the financial statements:

General fund	\$ 336,021
Special revenue fund	216,735
Subtotal	\$ 552,756

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements							
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unqualifie	d					
Internal control over finacial reporting:							
➤ Material weakness(es) identified?	Ye	es X	No				
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Ye	es X	None reported				
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Ye	es X	_ No				
Federal Awards							
Internal control over major programs:							
Material weakness(es) identified:	Ye	es X	_ No				
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Ye	es X	None reported				
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unqualifie	d					
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	Ye	es X	_ No				
Identification of major programs:							
CFDA Number(s)	Name of l	Federal Pr	ogram or Cluster				
10.555 and 10.553	Child nutrition cluster						
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$300,00	0				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Ye	es	_ No				
Section II - Financial Statement Findings							
None							
Section III - Federal Award Findings and	Questioned	Costs					
None							

BENTON HARBOR CHARTER SCHOOL ACADEMY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

There were no prior year audit findings.



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Walter P. Maner, Jr. (1921-2004) Floyd L. Costerisan Leon A. Ellis (1933-1988)

October 12, 2007

To Board of Directors Benton Harbor Charter School Academy Benton Harbor, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, during our audit, we noted certain matters involving the internal control and other operational matters that are presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated October 12, 2007 on the financial statements of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. Our comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with appropriate members of management, are intended to improve the internal control or result in other operating efficiencies. We will be pleased to discuss these comments in further detail at your convenience, perform any additional study of these matters, or assist you in implementing the recommendations. Our comments are summarized as follows.

\$25,000 or less Such as Booster Groups and PTO's

The Pension Protection Act of 2006 requires these organizations to file an annual electronic

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notice for tax periods beginning after December 31, 2006, if these organizations are not required to file

Form 990 (or 990-EZ), Return of Organization Exempt From Income Tax because their gross receipts are

normally \$25,000 or less.

If they are a section 509(a)(3) supporting organization, generally, they must file a paper or

electronic Form 990 (or Form 990-EZ) even if their gross receipts are normally \$25,000 or less.

However, if they are a supporting organization of a religious organization and their gross receipts are

normally \$5,000 or less they may file an annual electronic notice instead of Form 990 (or Form 990-EZ).

The annual electronic notice is due by the 15th day of the fifth month after the close of their tax

period. For example, if their tax period ends on December 31, 2007, the annual electronic notice is due

May 15, 2008.

The notice will require these organizations to provide the following information:

- Organization's legal name,
- Any other names your organization uses,
- Organization's mailing address,
- > Organization's website address (if applicable),
- > Organization's employer identification number (EIN),
- Name and address of a principal officer of your organization.
- Organization's annual tax period,
- Verify that your organization's annual gross receipts are still normally \$25,000 or less, and
- Indicate if your organization has terminated (is no longer in business).

New Auditing Standards

Recently, 10 new auditing standards have been released and are effective, or will become effective for your June 30, 2008 year end. In reviewing the new standards, they will have an impact on our overall audit approach. The trend is to perform audit procedures utilizing more of a risk based approach. One area which will continue to be emphasized is your internal controls.

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New Interpretation Of Deferred Compensation Rules Applicable To Teachers And Similar Employees

In August of 2007, the IRS issued new questions and answers related to deferred compensation which can effect teachers and similar employees.

When employees can elect to defer part of their compensation to a future year, they are generally subject to the rules applicable to deferred compensation under the Internal Revenue Code. These payments could be subject to an additional 20% tax if the specified procedures are not followed. For example, school employees who work 10 months but are paid over 12 months would be deferring compensation into a future year.

These rules are not applicable unless an election must be made. If a school district provides that all employees must spread their pay over 12 months, these rules do not apply.

In order to avoid imposition of extra taxes, the employees must give a written or electronic election to notify the employer that they want to spread out the compensation. This election must be provided before the start of the school year and must be irrevocable. The election must state how the compensation is going to be paid (for example, ratably over the 12 months starting with the beginning of the school year). This election does not need to be made for future years if the arrangement provides that the election will remain in place until the employee elects a change. These rules are effective January 1, 2008. Therefore, they are not applicable until the election for the 2008 - 2009 school year.

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October 12, 2007

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy, management, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We appreciate the cooperation we received from your staff during our engagement and the opportunity to be of service.

Very truly yours,

Maner, Costerisan + Ellis, P.C.



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Walter P. Maner, Jr. (1921-2004) Floyd L. Costerisan Leon A. Ellis (1933-1988)

October 12, 2007

To the Board of Directors Benton Harbor Charter School Academy Benton Harbor, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy for the year ended June 30, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated October 12, 2007. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

1. <u>Our Responsibility under Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in the United States of America</u> and OMB Circular A-133

As stated in our engagement letter, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and are fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because an audit is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance and because we did not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material misstatements may exist and not be detected by us.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. We also considered internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of law, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit. Also, in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we examined, on a test basis, evidence about Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* applicable to each of its major programs for the purpose of expressing an opinion on Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's compliance with those requirements. While our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion, it does not provide a legal determination on Benton Harbor Charter School Academy's compliance with those requirements.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility for selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Benton Harbor Charter School Academy are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2007. We noted no transactions entered into by Benton Harbor Charter School Academy during the year that were both significant and unusual, and of which, under professional standards, we are required to inform you, or transactions for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

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3. Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no significant estimates to report.

4. <u>Audit Adjustments</u>

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define an audit adjustment as a proposed correction of the financial statements that, in our judgment, may not have been detected except through our auditing procedures. An audit adjustment may or may not indicate matters that could have a significant effect on the Academy's financial reporting process (that is, cause future financial statements to be materially misstated). In our judgment, none of the adjustments we proposed, whether recorded or unrecorded by the Academy, either individually or in the aggregate, indicate matters that could have a significant effect on the Academy's financial reporting process. Management has approved all adjustments.

5. <u>Disagreements with Management</u>

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

6. <u>Consultations with Other Independent Accountants</u>

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

7. Issues Discussed Prior to Retention of Independent Auditors

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Academy's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

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8. <u>Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit</u>

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing our audit.

This information is intended solely for the use of the board of directors and management of Benton Harbor Charter School Academy and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Maner, Costerisan + Ellis, P.C.